

Tracking Pavement Preservation Efforts in North Carolina

Neil Mastin, PE

Judith Corley-Lay, PhD, PE

NCDOT



Outline of Presentation

- Background
- Pavement Preservation Program
- Pavement Condition Survey
- Procedure for our Study
- Results
- Conclusions.



Background

- North Carolina DOT manages a pavement system consisting of almost 80,000 miles.
- The state is divided into 100 counties and 14 Divisions.
- Field personnel select roadways for resurfacing and surface treatments.



Components of the NCDOT Pavement Preservation Effort

- Training of Central Office and Field Engineers in Pavement Preservation - began in 2000.
- Creation of State Pavement Preservation Engineer position.
- Increased funding for surface treatments and resurfacing and emphasis on quality.
- Monitoring and feedback.



So what's the overall goal of
Pavement Preservation?



We want to pave a road when it looks like this:



Not like this:



How do we monitor?

- Pavement Management System Databases:
 - Pavement Condition
 - Construction History



Pavement Conditions

- Asphalt pavement condition survey is performed every two years.
- Pavement condition survey is for 100% coverage and variable section length.
- This is a windshield survey



Pavement Conditions

- Distresses include alligator cracking, transverse cracking, rutting, raveling, oxidation, bleeding, patching and ride quality.
- Alligator includes both extent and severity.
- Others are none, low, moderate, severe. These are used to calculate Pavement Condition Rating (PCR).



What are we working with?



The Vagaries of Funding...

| Treatment | 2000 Mileage | 2003 Mileage | 2005* Mileage | 2006 Mileage |
|------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|------------------|-----------------|
| Surface Treatment | 1884 | 2991 | 1985 | 2518 |
| Plant Mix Resurface | 1678 | 3046 | 920 | 1931 |

*Budget Crunch



Surface Treatments in 2000

- Very basic chip seals:
 - 1200 miles Split Seals
 - 250 miles Triple Seals
 - 200 miles Mat and Seal



Surface Treatments in 2004 and Beyond

- A greatly expanded palette of options:
 - 700 miles of Split Seals
 - 700 miles of Split Seals-lightweight.
 - 220 miles of Split Seals with Screenings
 - 780 miles of Triple Seals including lightweight, screenings, and standard
 - 320 miles of Straight Seals.
 - Reduced use of Mat & Seal
- 2006 saw an increase in the use of polymer emulsions



The Analysis: Who was paying attention in class?



Analysis Methods

- The PCR at the nearest time before treatment was collected for 2000, 2003, 2004, 2005 and 2006
- If Pavement Preservation is being applied, an increasing portion of treated roads should be in fair or good condition.
- If PP ideas are valid, condition ratings should increase over time
- Data was evaluated for both surface treatments and hot mix overlays.



Notes on the Analysis

- This was not standard PMS functionality
- Substantial ad hoc SQL was generated to look at tables in non-standard ways
- Considering ways of adding this type of analysis to the PMS for quick field reporting.



PCR- Surface Treatments

| Treatment Year | 2000 PCR | 2002 PCR | 2004 PCR | 2006 PCR |
|----------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 2000 | 64.6 | 87.6 | 83.9 | 81.3 |
| 2003 | 77.1 | 68.6 | 90.6 | 86.1 |
| 2005 | 81.3 | 75.8 | 69.1 | 92.6 |
| 2006 | 82 | 77.2 | 73 | 68.8 |



PCR- Resurfacing

| Treatment Year | 2000 PCR | 2002 PCR | 2004 PCR | 2006 PCR |
|----------------|----------|----------|----------|----------|
| 2000 | 66.3 | 95.4 | 93.1 | 89.6 |
| 2003 | 71 | 62.1 | 96.2 | 95.6 |
| 2005 | 78.1 | 71.9 | 64.8 | 92.9 |
| 2006 | 79.1 | 71.7 | 64.9 | 66.1 |

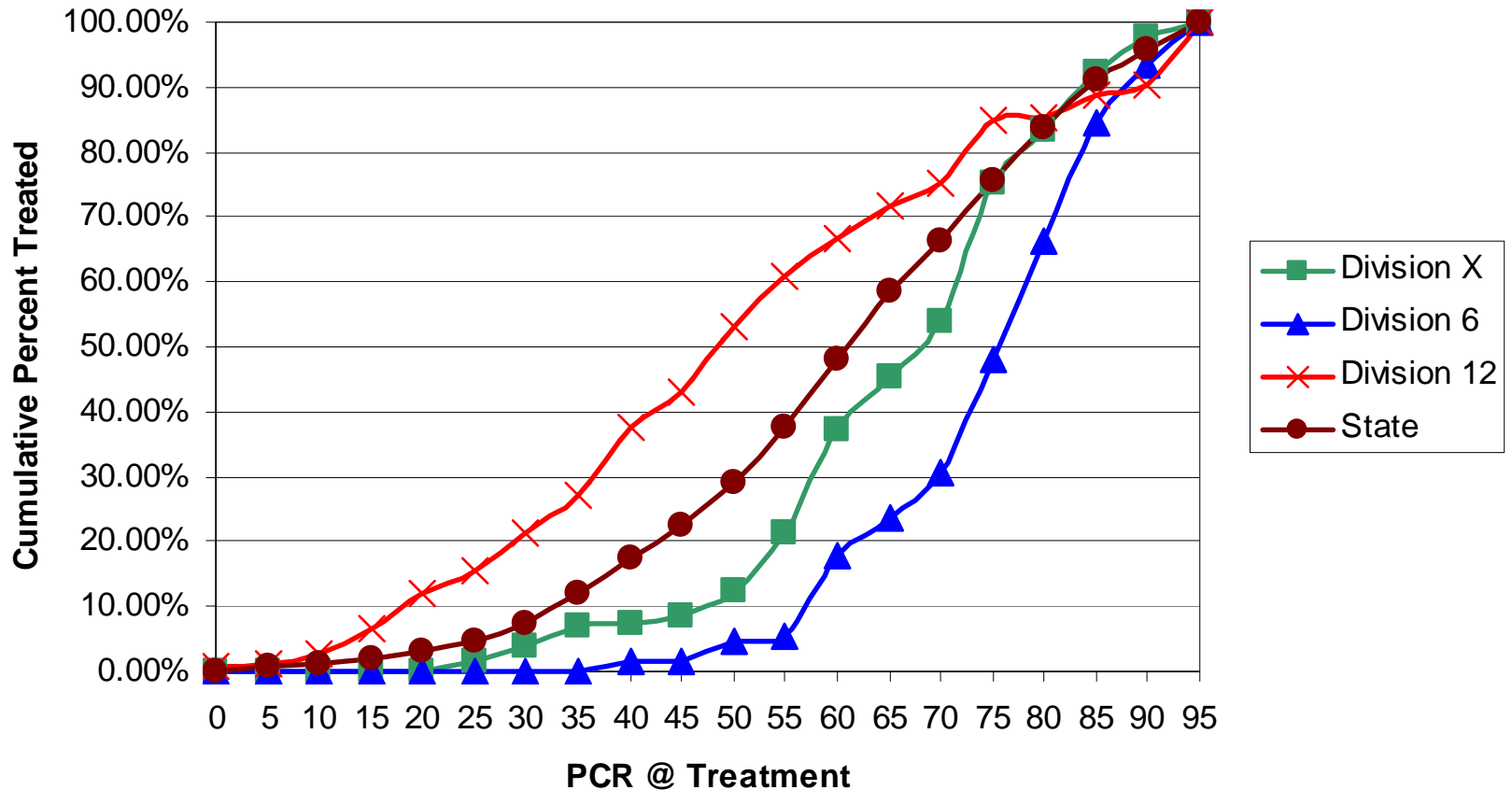


Let's look at 3 sample Divisions
and Statewide numbers:



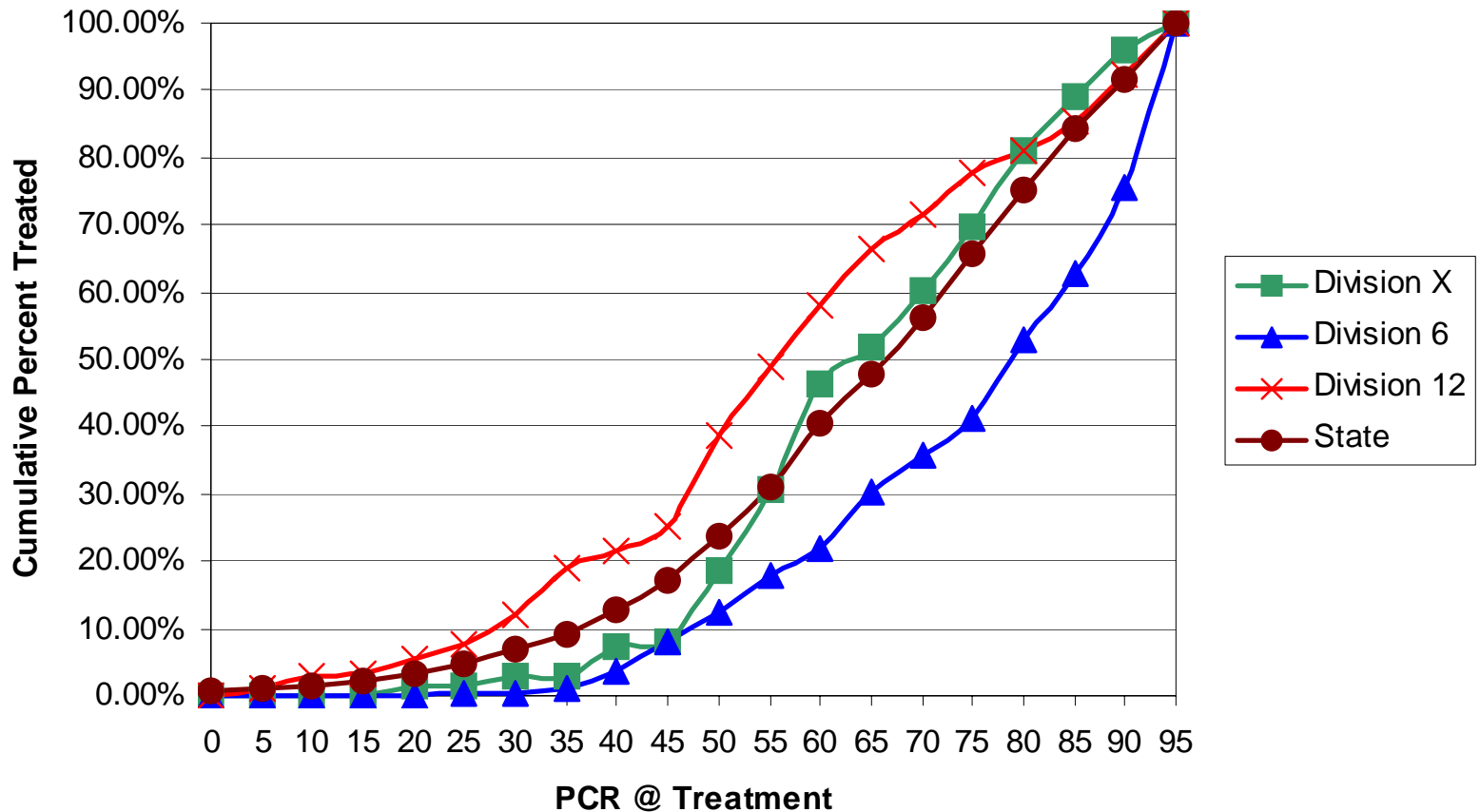
Surface Treatments - 2000

Surface Treatments - Cumulative Distribution of PCR @ Treatment - 2000



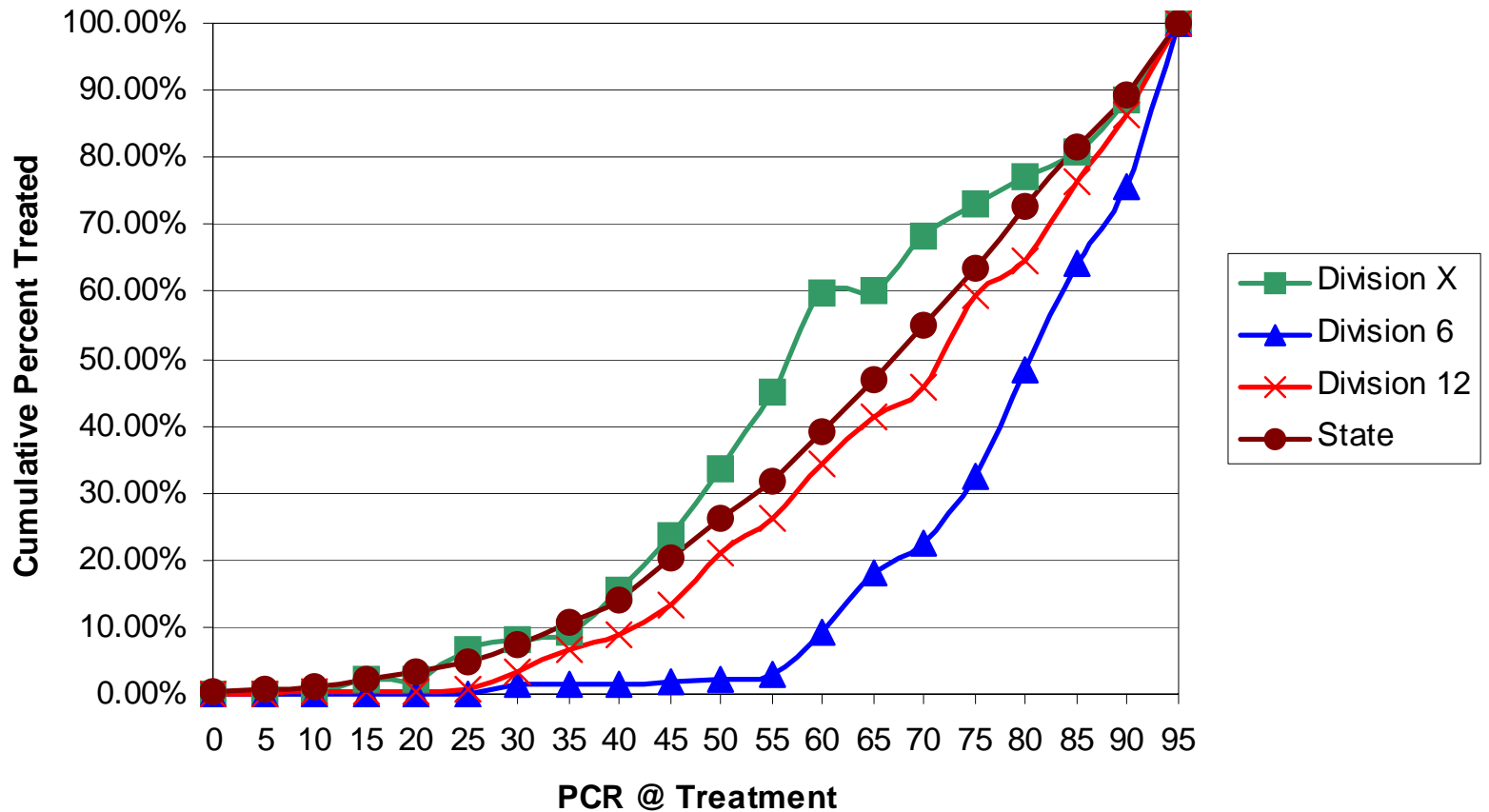
Surface Treatments - 2003

Surface Treatments - Cumulative Distribution of PCR @ Treatment - 2003



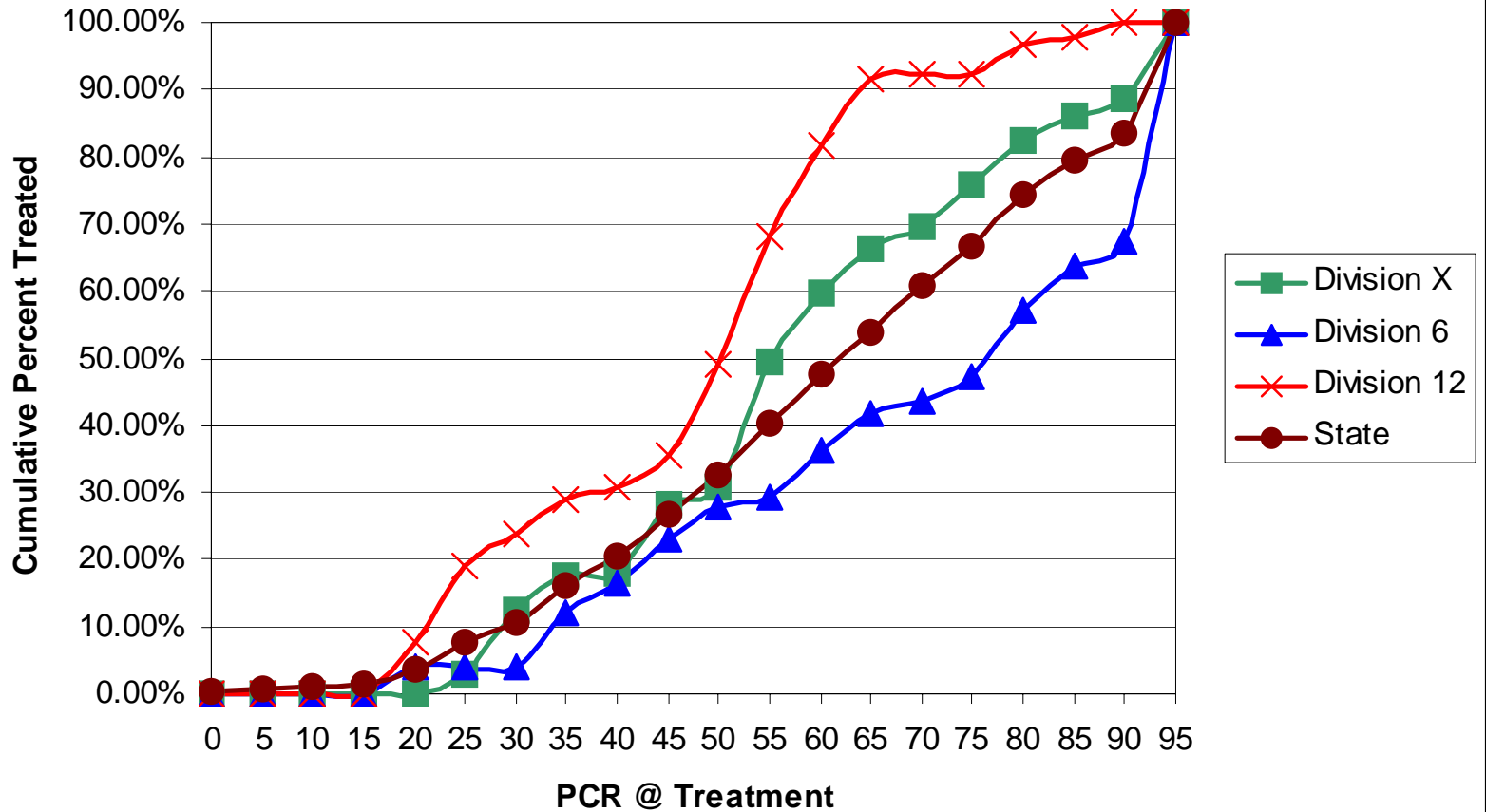
Surface Treatments - 2006

Surface Treatments - Cumulative Distribution of PCR @ Treatment - 2006



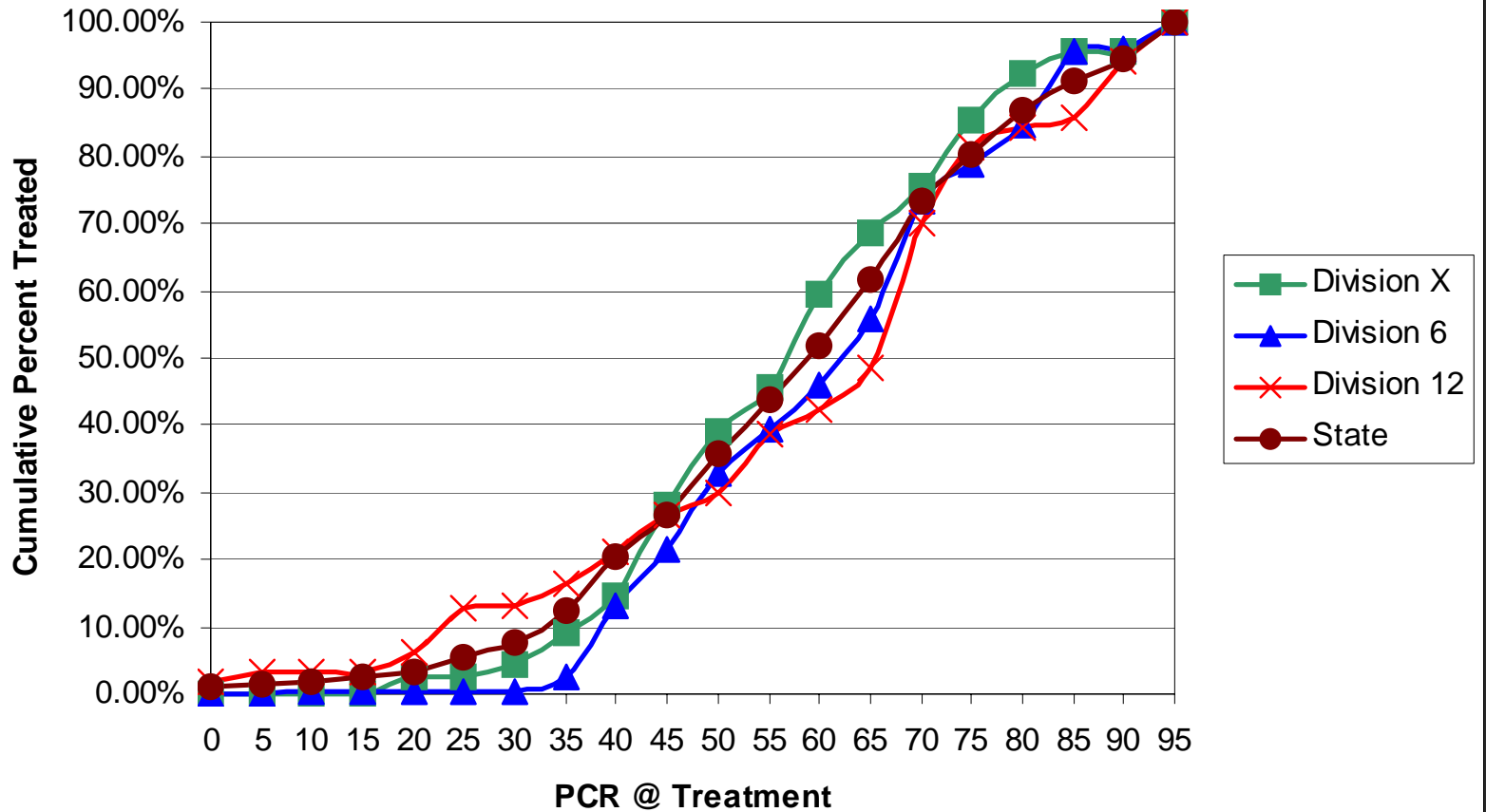
Plant Mix - 2000

Plant Mix - Cumulative Distribution of PCR @ Treatment - 2000



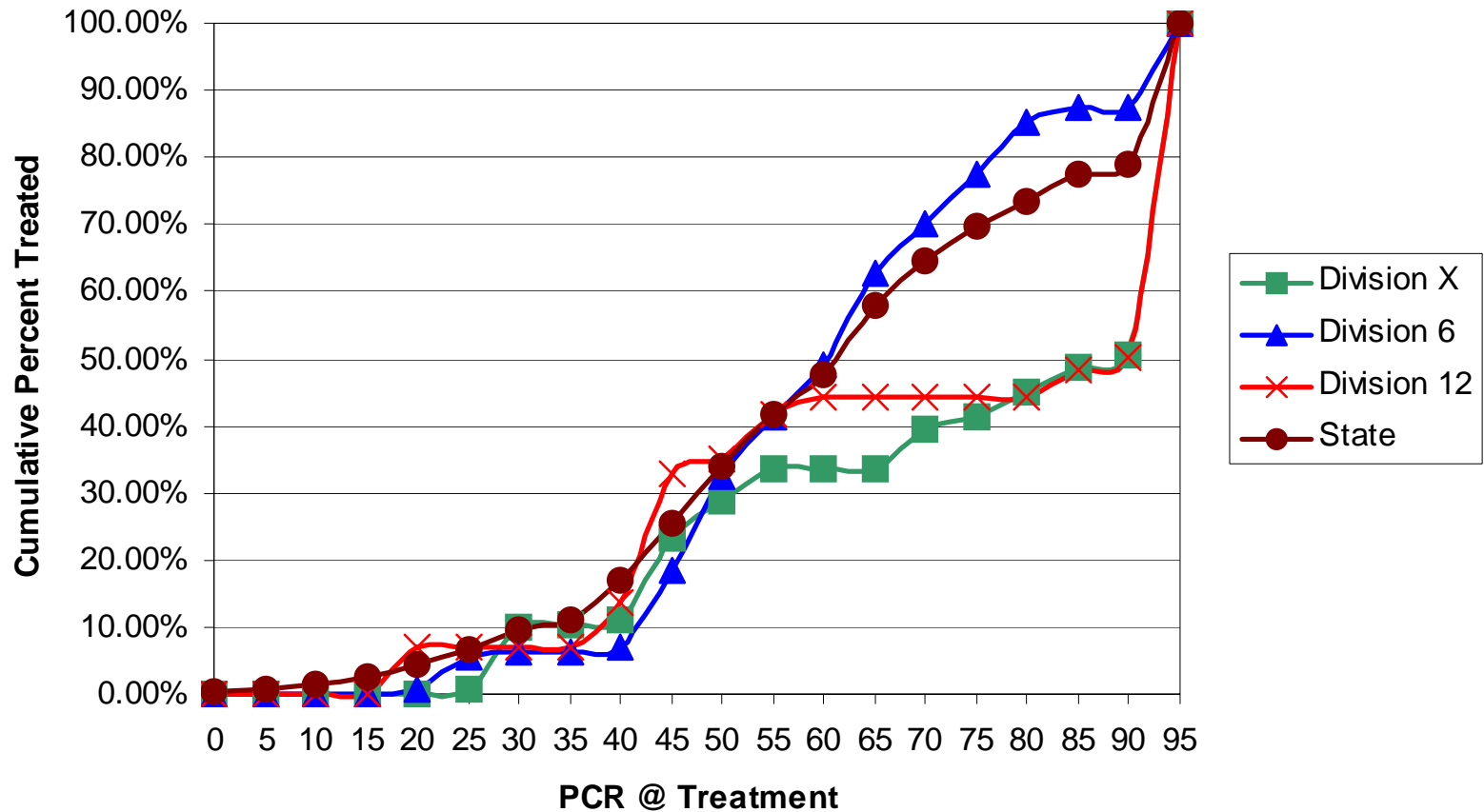
Plant Mix - 2003

Plant Mix - Cumulative Distribution of PCR @ Treatment - 2003



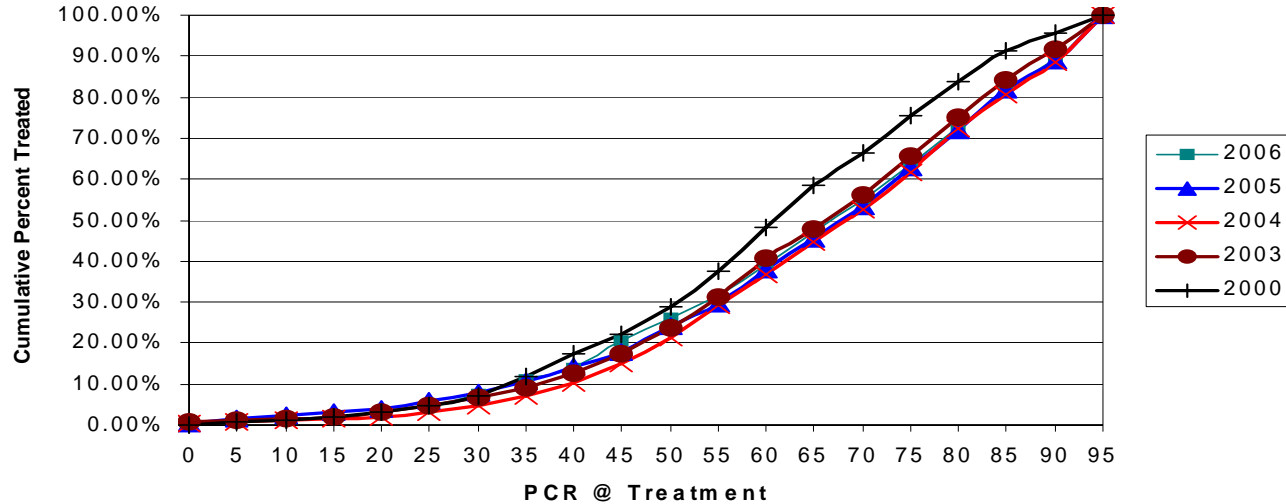
Plant Mix - 2006

Plant Mix - Cumulative Distribution of PCR @ Treatment - 2006

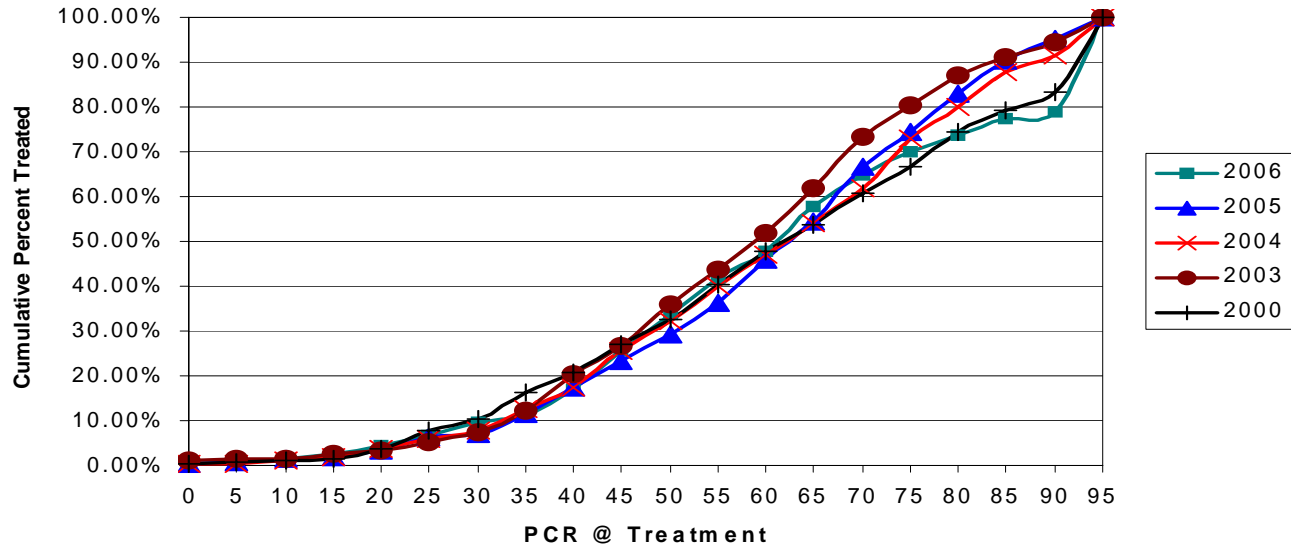


Statewide Distributions

Surface Treatments - Cumulative Distribution of PCR @ Treatment - Statewide



Plant Mix - Cumulative Distribution of PCR @ Treatment - Statewide



Summary of Findings

- Over the 6 years covered in the analysis since initial preservation training:
 - 9 of 14 Divisions have increased the average PCR of surface treated roads
 - The average improvement of those 9: 6.5
 - 3 have seen > 10 point gains
 - Overall statewide PCR for surface treated roads has increased 3.2 points.

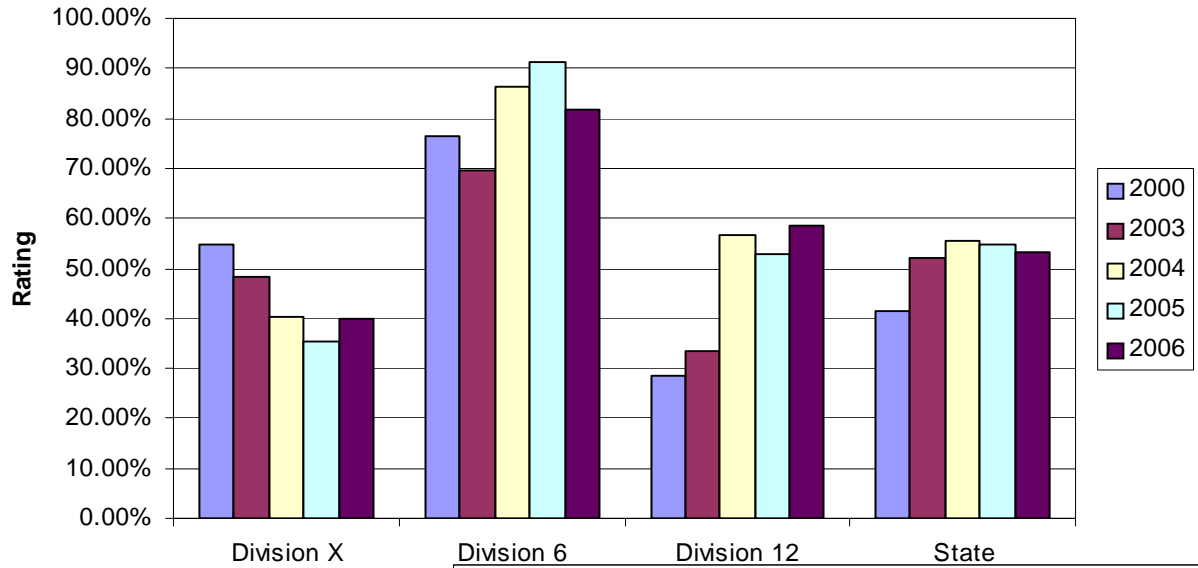


Findings (continued)

- Continued training and monitoring is necessary to demonstrate the successes and keep up with personnel changes.
- Most divisions (8 of 14) have had a decline in PCR for Plant Mix overlays from 2000 to 2006.
- It will be a challenge to maintain the program and momentum in the face of budget pressures.



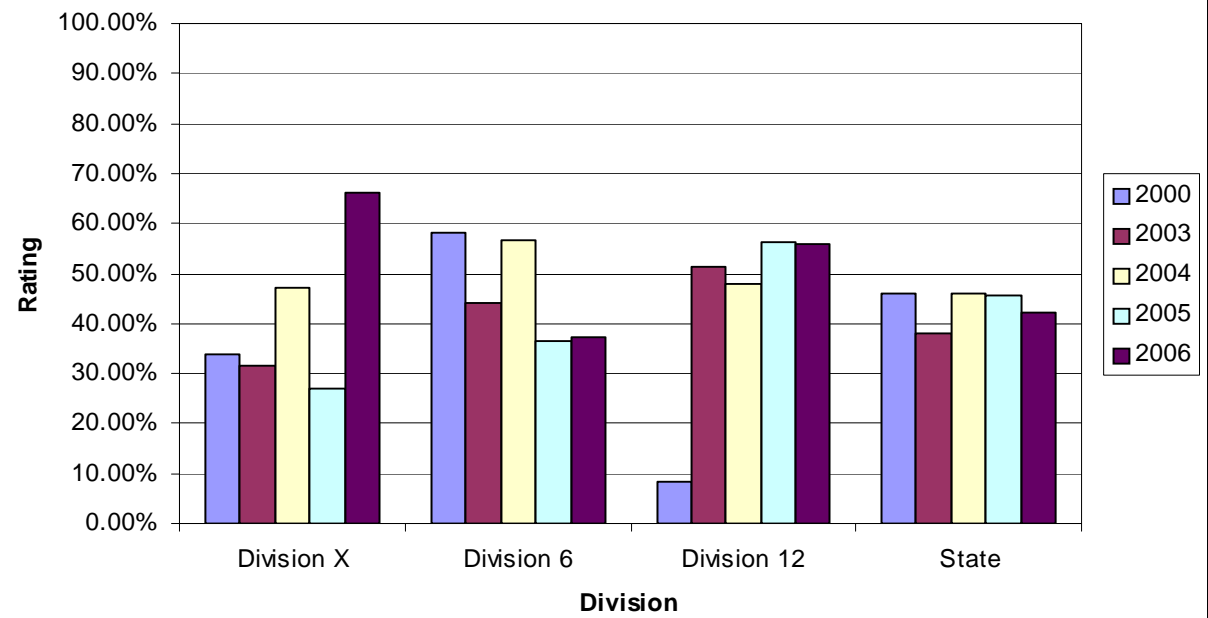
% of Surface Treated Miles Paved with Rating > 70



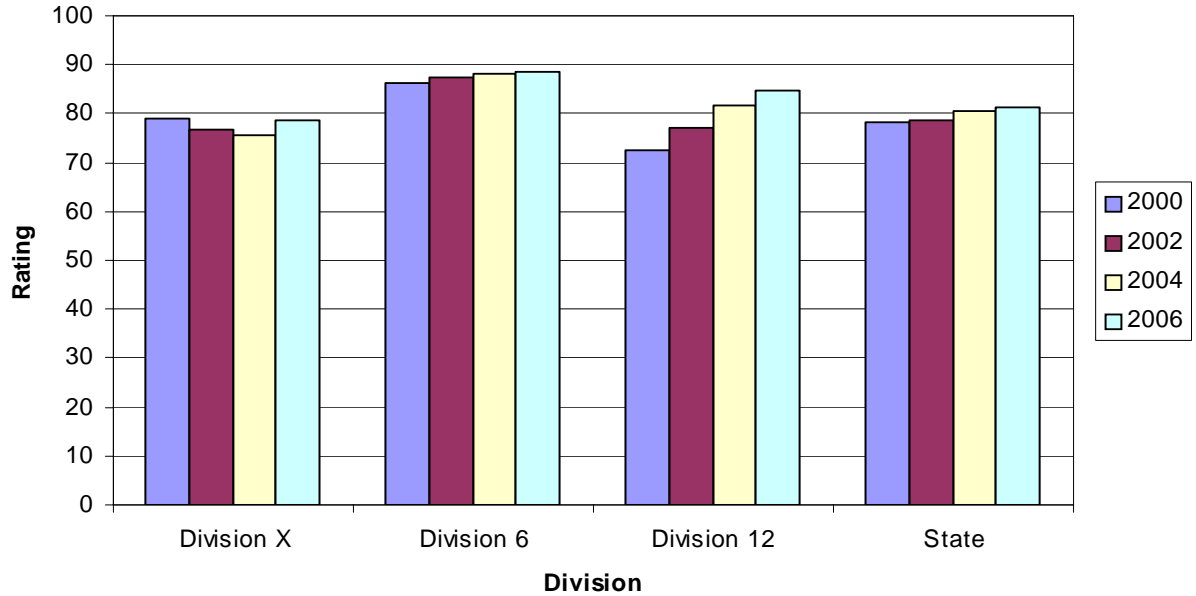
Good efforts being made towards selection of appropriate projects for surface treatments

Plant Mix project selection needs improvement!

% of Resurfaced Miles with Rating > 70



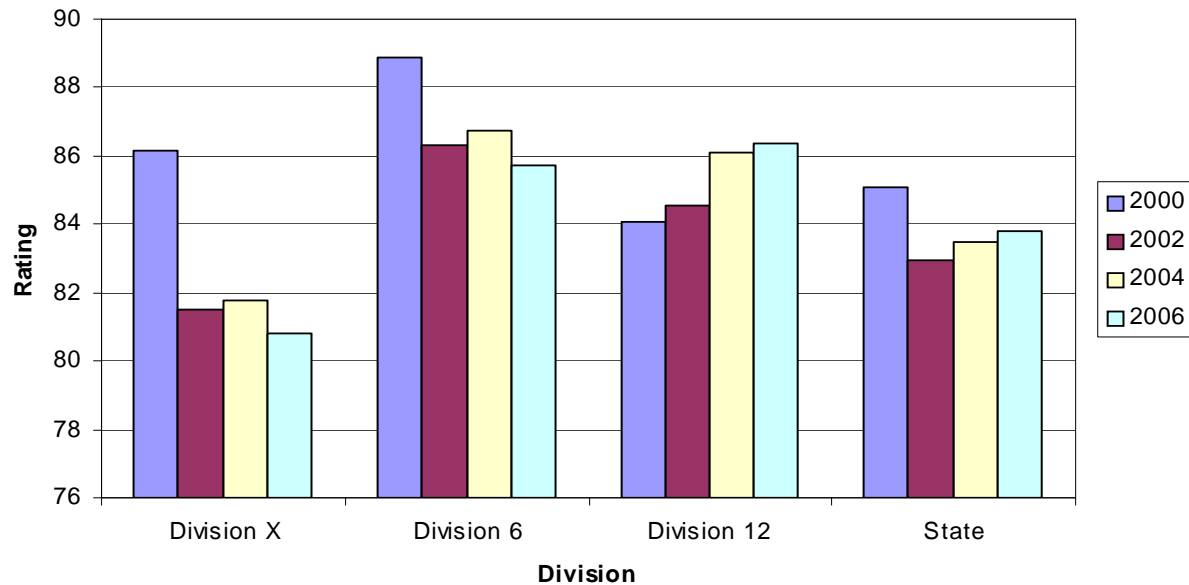
Surface Treated Secondary Road Ratings by Division



Chip Seal rating
Improvement =
Good

Plant Mix Performance
Drop = *Bad*

Plant Mix Secondary Road Ratings by Division



Findings and Conclusion

- NC was able to demonstrate system-wide benefits from a limited pavement preservation program within 4-6 years of initial training.
- Some of us are walking the walk better than others.
- Emphasis needs to be placed on project selection for Plant Mix projects.
- It is possible that increased usage of chip seals has lead to greater use of Plant Mix on lower rated roads – a bias that will be hard to overcome.



Fin.

