# Data Collection, Management, and Modeling using GPS/GIS

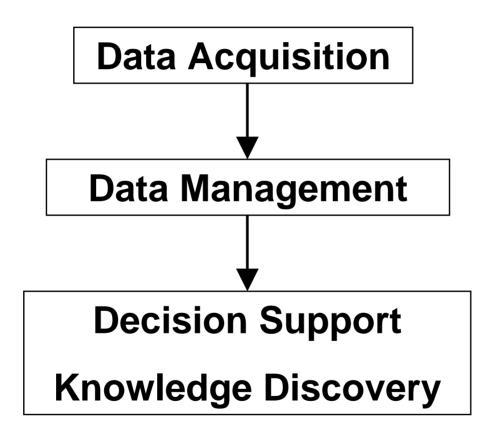
Yichang(James) Tsai, Ph.D., P.E. Georgia Institute of Technology

June 21, 2005

### **Outline**

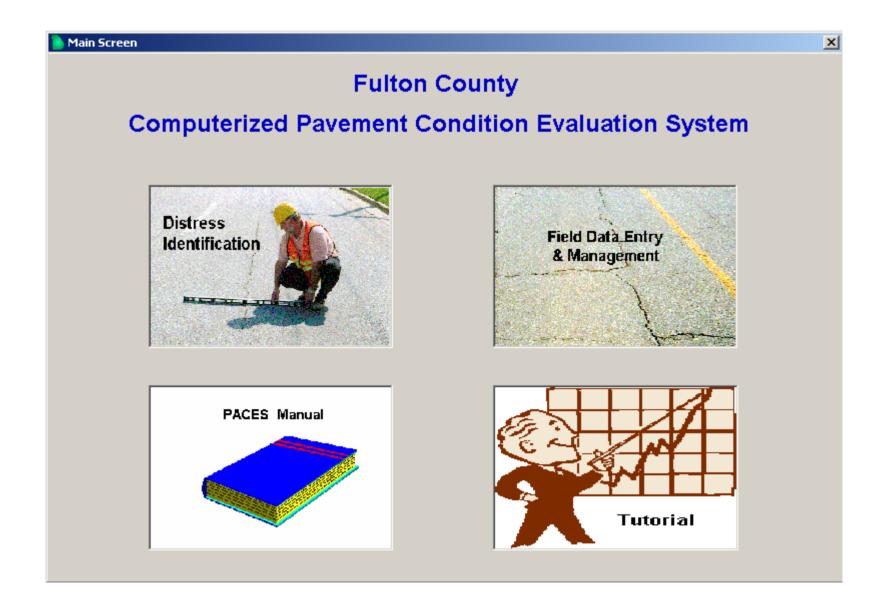
- Components of Pavement Management
- Data collection case
- Data Management case
- Data Modeling case
- Benefits of using GPS/GIS

## Components in Pavement Management

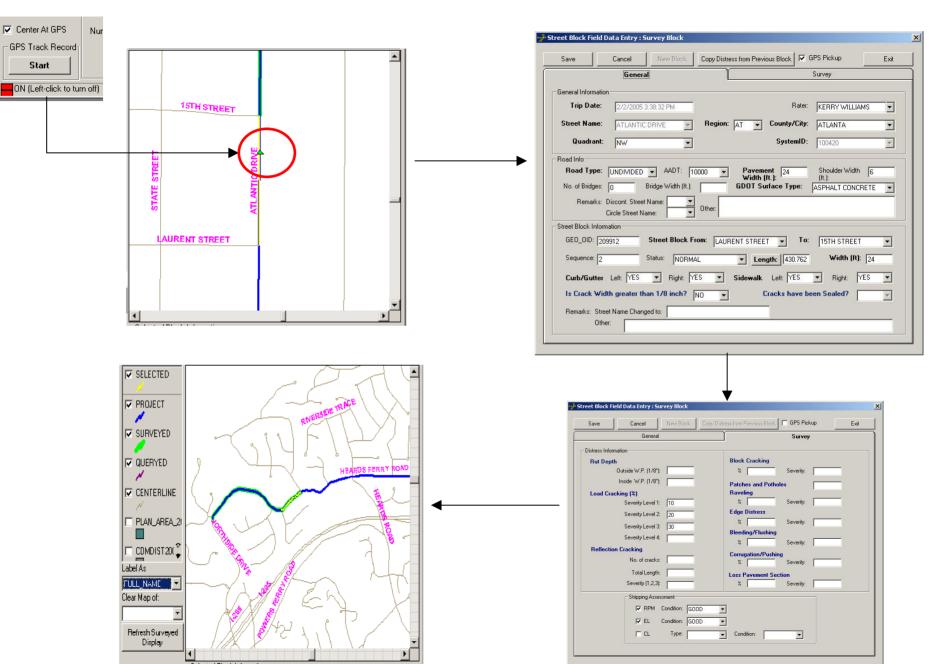


# Data Collection Using GPS/GIS - Fulton County Case

#### **GPS/GIS-based Data Collection - 1**

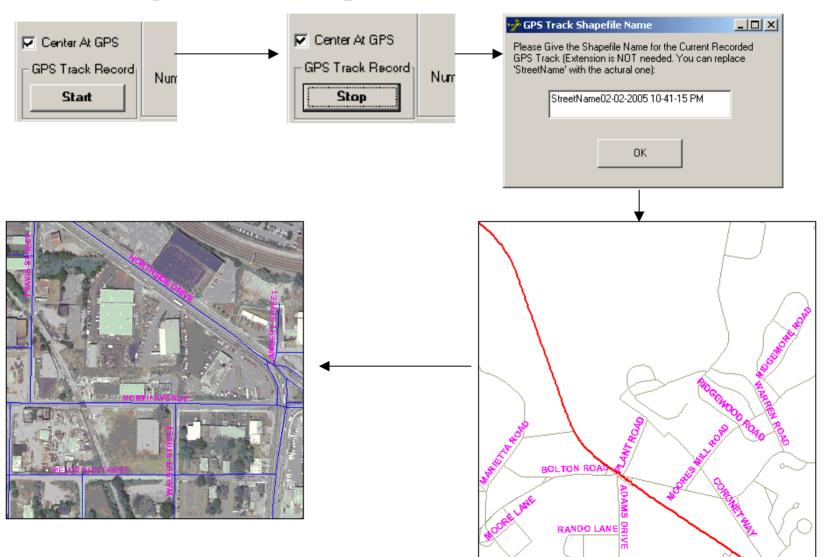


### **GPS/GIS-based Data Collection - 2**



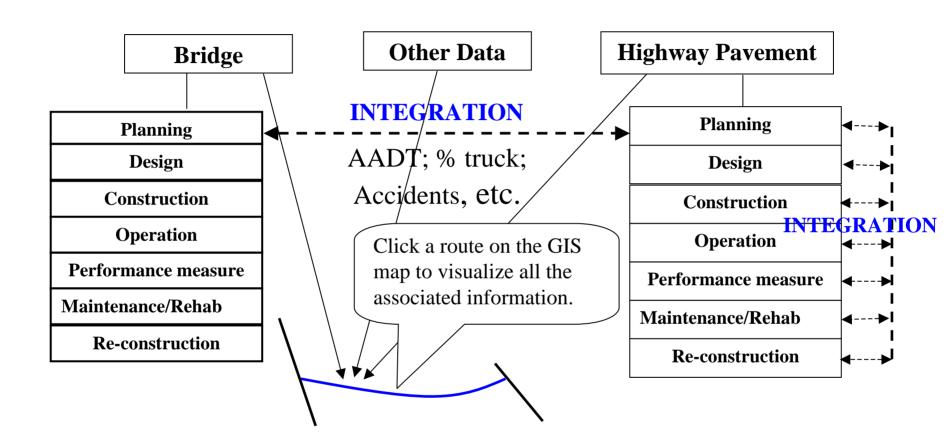
#### **GPS/GIS-based Data Collection - 3**

- Can also collect the GPS/GIS data for new streets.
- Can integrate with aerial photo.



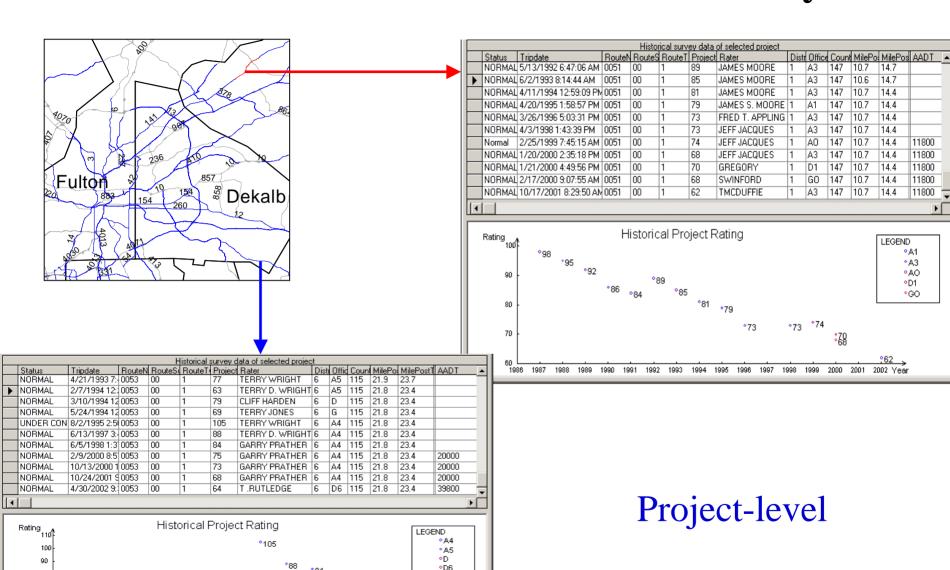
# Data Management Using GIS – GDOT Case

### GIS for Data Integration and Analysis



Common Location Reference System (LRS)

### **Historical Pavement Performance Analysis**



•G

2002 Year

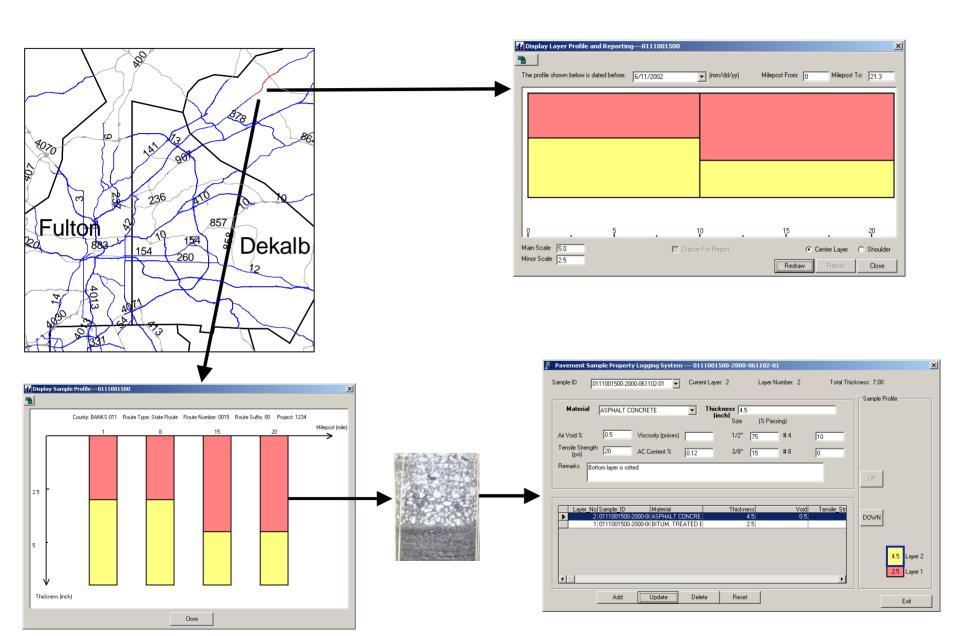
°73

2000 2001

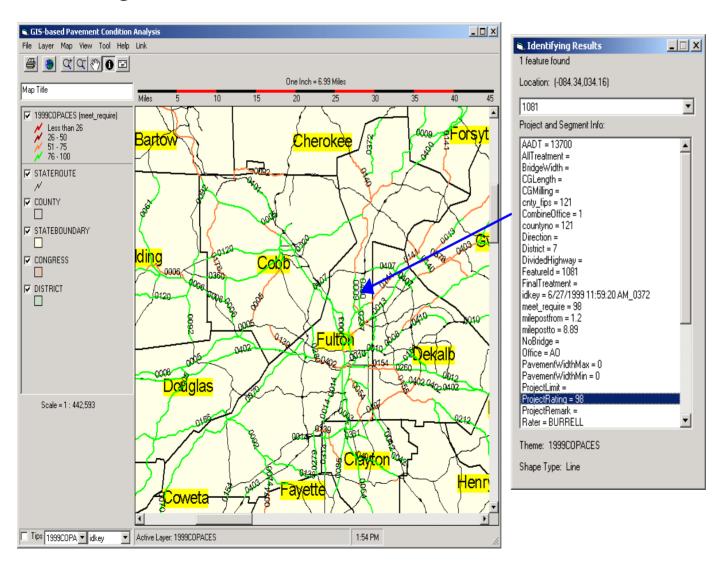
80

70 60 50

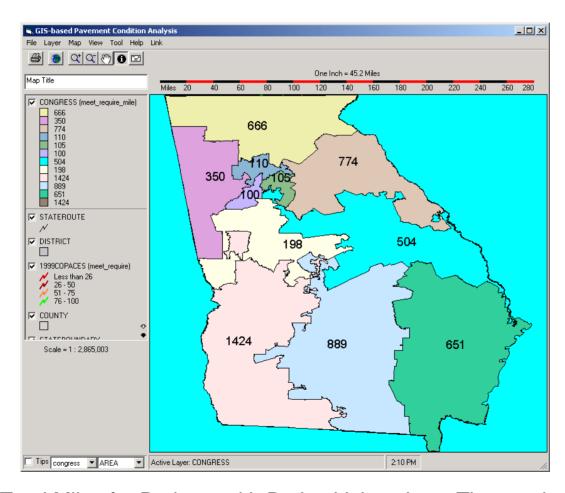
#### **Pavement Thickness and Material**



# Visualization and Identification of Project-level Pavement Information

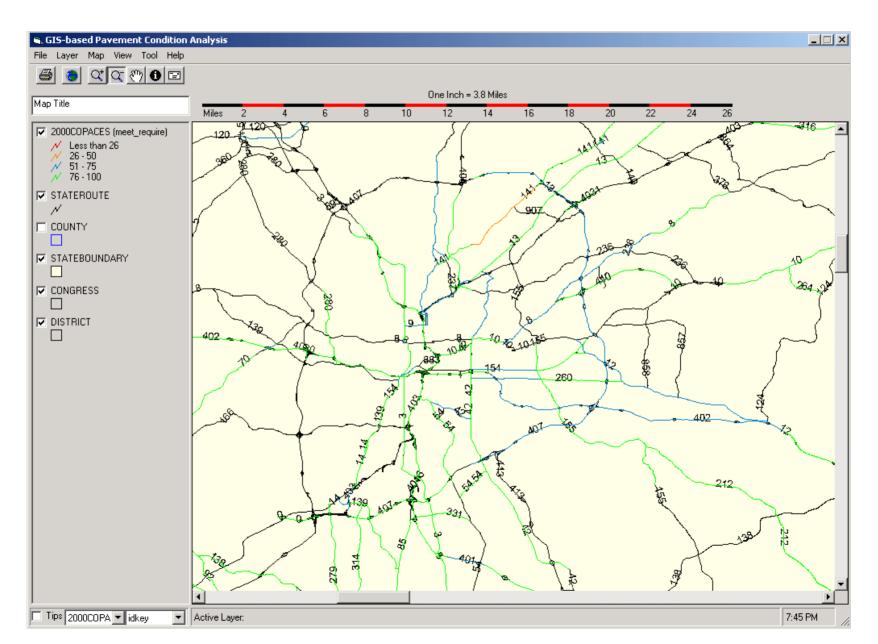


# Spatial Analysis for Visualizing and Quantifying Pavement Information for Different Jurisdictions

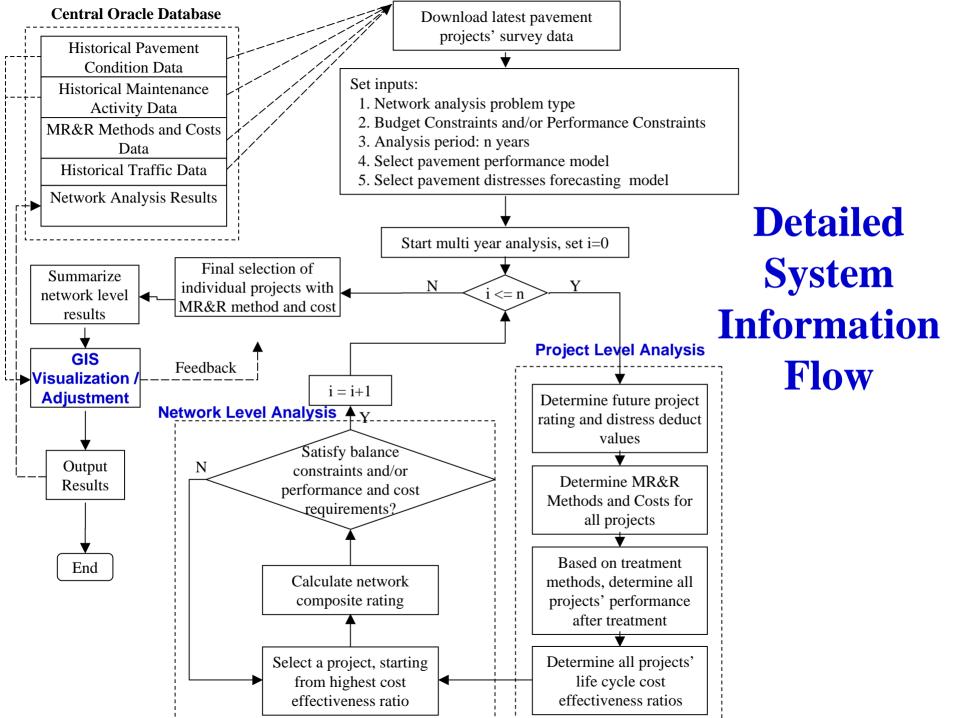


Total Miles for Projects with Rating Values Less Than and Equal to 80 in Each Congressional District

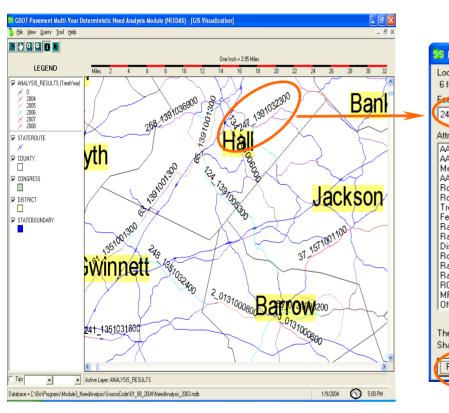
#### **Network-level Pavement Condition**

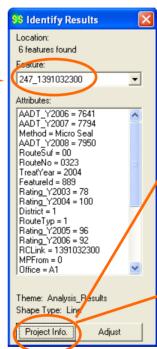


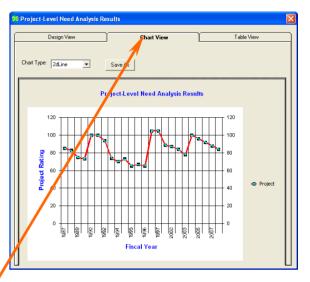
# Data Modeling Using GIS – GDOT Case



## Project-Level Results

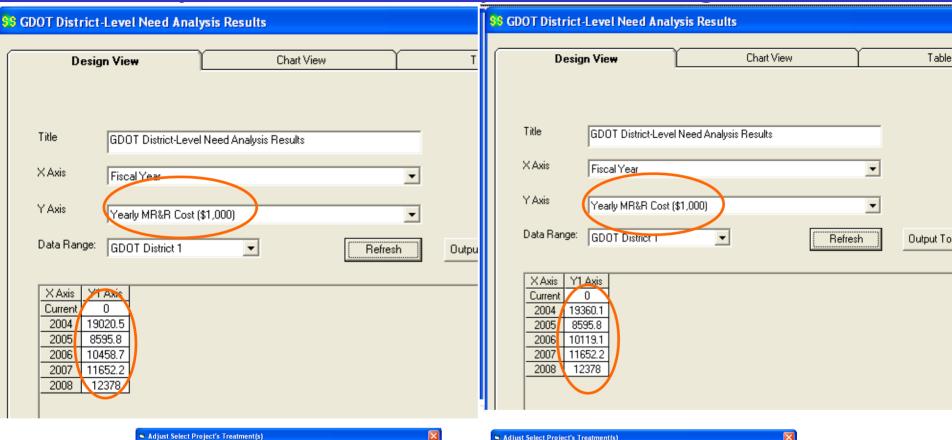


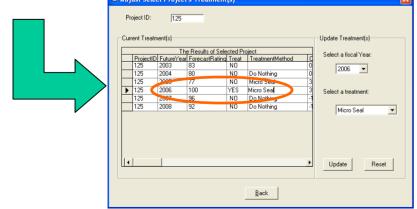


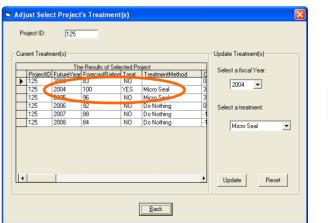


Design View				Chart View			Table View		
Output To	Excel								
TripDate	Rating	Rut_Deduct	Load Deduct	Block_Deduct	Reflect_Deduct	Ravel_Deduct	Edge_Deduct		
986 12:51	85	0	10	5	0	0	0		
1987 1:59:	83	- (	13	0	0	0	0		
1988 2:52:	9	5	13	5	0	0	0		
1990 5.52:	73	2	13	12	0	0	0		
1990 4:39:	100	0	0	0	0	0	0		
1991 6:02:	100	0	0	0	0	0	0		
1992 6:46:	94	0	1	5	0	0	0		
1993 7:33:	74	2	14	10	0	0	0		
994 12:32	70	2	15	11	0	0	0		
994 12:20	73	2	12	13	0	0	0		
1995 1:38:	65	2	15	18	0	0	0		
1995 2:17:	67	2	15	16	0	0	0		
995 8:05:5	65	2	15	18	0	0	0		
996 10:24	105	0	0	0	0	0	0		
997 10:44	105	0	0	0	0	0	0		
1999 9:49:	89	2	4	5	0	0	0		
2000 1:15:	87	2	6	5	0	0	0		
2001 1:53	84	2	7	7	0	0	0		
2002 10:38	78	5	7	8	0	0	0		
2004	100	0	0	0	0	0	0		
2005	96	1.1	0.4	1.9	0	0	0		
2006	92	0.8	3.9	2.9	0	0	0		
2007	88	1.7	6.6	3.6	0	0	0		
2008	84	1.7	7.8	5.7	0	0	0		

### Impact on Network-Level – Cost









### **Benefits of GPS/GIS**

- Improve data collection productivity and data quality.
- Support integration of different data based on their common location reference. This will lead to
  - Easier data access
  - Easier data correlation
  - More accurate performance forecasting
  - More reliable economic analysis
  - Prompter pavement management response
  - More effective cross-asset management

### **Benefits of GPS/GIS (Cont.)**

- Visualize pavement condition such as historical and predicted pavement performance.
- Determine pavement performance at different jurisdiction levels using spatial analysis
- Determine logic project termini based on pavement condition and network connectivity.
- Facilitate data management and decision making by clicking a route to access all roadway info.
- Integrate with "what-if" analysis and modeling based on different treatment scenarios and balancing constraints to facilitate decision making.

## Benefits of using GPS/GIS

- Improve data collection productivity and data quality.
- Facilitate data management and decision making by clicking a route to access all roadway info.
- Integrate with "what-if" analysis and modeling based on different treatment scenarios and balancing constraints to facilitate decision making.

# Questions

### **Contact Info**

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